

“This was that time, which still to this day we called the starving time; it were too vile to say, and scarce to be believed, what we endured: but the occasion was our own, for want [lack] of providence, industry and government, and not the barrenness and defect of the Country...”

-- John Smith, *A History of Virginia*

1. What was John Smith’s opinion about the reason for the “starving time”?
2. What role did John Rolfe play in the history of Jamestown? (p.63)
3. Indentured servants embodied the principle of success through hard work and endurance. What is an indentured servant? (p.64)
4. What government body in Virginia contributed to the development of representative government in Jamestown? (p.64)
5. Why were the Pilgrims that founded Plymouth Colony called “Separatists”? (p.67)
6. What did the Mayflower Compact help establish? (p.68)
7. Which Indian provided assistance to the Pilgrims at the Plymouth Colony? (p.68)
8. What contribution did Roger Williams make to the growth of democracy in the American colonies? (p.70)
9. How did Anne Hutchinson challenge the authority of Puritan authorities in Massachusetts Bay? (p.70)
10. Who was the leader that left the Massachusetts colony due to religious differences to find the Connecticut colony? (p.71)
11. What major event in Salem led to the fall of theocracy in the Massachusetts colony? (p.100-101)
12. Which group from Netherland founded the colony that would become New York? (p.84)
13. Major seaports and rivers guaranteed a high level of diversity in the population of the New York colony. Why would Governor Peter Stuyvesant complain about this diversity? (p.83)
14. What was one of the main beliefs of Quakers? p.71
15. Why would Penn’s treaty with the Indians treat them fairly and with dignity? (Your opinion)
16. According to the map on p. 107, what two major/valuable exports did North Carolina provide Great Britain? P.107
17. Who founded the colony of Georgia? p.80

18. Not only was the colony of Georgia set up for English debtors, but what other reason was it established? p.80

19. Why was farming in New England not easy? P.96

21. What product did the French colony of New France depend on for trade? (p.38)

22. A person that had his passage to America paid for and then worked for that individual from 4 – 6 years was an _____ (p.64)

“there shall be yearly two General Assemblies or Courts...the first shall be called the Court of Election, wherein shall be yearly chosen from time to time, so many Magistrates and other public Officers as shall be found requisite: Whereof one to be chosen Governor for the year ensuing and until another be chosen...”

from The Fundamental Orders of Connecticut, 1639

23. The excerpt above provides an example of representative government. What is representative government? (p.64)

24. What was the name of that part of the Triangle Trade that transported slaves? (p.50)

25. What products were exported from New England to Africa? (p.98)

26. Describe a way that African slaves passively resisted their owners? (p.106)